

## Rat Prorenin, C-terminal 8x His tag

<b>Catalog No.</b>	CSI19922A	<b>Quantity:</b>	100 µg
	CSI19922B		1.0 mg

**Description:** Recombinantly produced in HEK cell culture and purified by chelated metal affinity chromatography. Contains a 8X-Histidine tag at C terminus for purification. Fully activatable to renin by catalytic amounts of trypsin. Prorenin is a glycosylated aspartic protease that consists of 2 homologous lobes and is the precursor of renin. Prorenin exhibits a low level of enzymatic activity relative to renin which is generated from prorenin by proteolytic cleavage of the first ~43 amino acids at the N-terminus. This so called prosegment appears to block the full enzymatic potential of the active site. Renin activates the renin-angiotensin system by cleaving angiotensinogen, produced by the liver, to yield angiotensin I, which is further converted into angiotensin II by ACE, the angiotensin-converting enzyme primarily within the capillaries of the lungs. It has been reported that the levels of circulating prorenin (but not renin) are increased in diabetic subjects.

**Concentration:** 1.0 mg/ml

**Source:** Human Embryonic Kidney cells

**Molecular Weight:** 41,849

**Formulation:** Liquid in 50 mM Tris, pH 8.0

**Purity:** >95% by SDS-PAGE analysis

**Storage & Stability:** When stored at -80°C, product is stable for 3 years from date of delivery.

**NOT FOR HUMAN USE. FOR RESEARCH ONLY. NOT FOR DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC USE.**