

## Human IL-1 RII ELISA Kit

**Catalog No.** CKH346

**Quantity:** 1 x 96 tests

**Introduction:** The Cell Sciences® Human IL1sRII (interleukin 1 soluble receptor II) ELISA (Enzyme-Linked Immunosorbent Assay) kit is an in vitro enzyme linked immunosorbent assay for the quantitative measurement of human IL1sRII in serum, plasma, cell culture supernatants and urine. This assay employs an antibody specific for human IL1sRII coated on a 96-well plate. Standards and samples are pipetted into the wells and IL1sRII present in a sample is bound to the wells by the immobilized antibody. The wells are washed and biotinylated anti-human IL1sRII antibody is added. After washing away unbound biotinylated antibody, HRP-conjugated streptavidin is pipetted to the wells. The wells are again washed, a TMB substrate solution is added to the wells and color develops in proportion to the amount of IL1sRII bound. The Stop Solution changes the color from blue to yellow, and the intensity of the color is measured at 450 nm.

**Reagents:**

1. IL1sRII Microplate (Item A): 96 wells (12 strips x 8 wells) coated with anti-human IL1sRII.
2. Wash Buffer Concentrate (20x) (Item B): 25 ml of 20x concentrated solution.
3. Standards (Item C): 2 vials of recombinant human IL1sRII.
4. Assay Diluent A (Item D): 30 ml diluent buffer, 0.09% sodium azide as preservative. For Standard/Sample (serum/plasma) diluent.
5. Assay Diluent B (Item E): 15 ml of 5x concentrated buffer. For Standard/Sample (cell culture medium/urine) diluent.
6. Detection Antibody IL1sRII (Item F): 2 vial of biotinylated anti-human IL1sRII (each vial is enough to assay half microplate).
7. HRP-Streptavidin Concentrate (Item G): 8 µl 25,000x concentrated HRP-conjugated streptavidin.
8. TMB One-Step Substrate Reagent (Item H): 12 ml of 3,3',5,5'-tetramethylbenzidine (TMB) in buffer solution.
9. Stop Solution (Item I): 8 ml of 2 M sulfuric acid.

**Storage:** May be stored for up to 6 months at 2° to 8°C from the date of shipment. Standard (recombinant protein) should be stored at -20°C or -80°C (recommended at -80°C) after reconstitution. Opened Microplate Wells or reagents may be stored for up to 1 month at 2° to 8°C. Return unused wells to the pouch containing desiccant pack, reseal along entire edge.

Note: the kit can be used within one year if the whole kit is stored at -20°C. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

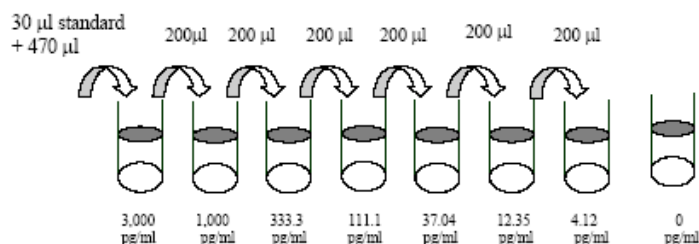


## Additional Materials Required:

1. Microplate reader capable of measuring absorbance at 450 nm.
2. Precision pipettes to deliver 2  $\mu$ l to 1 ml volumes.
3. Adjustable 1-25 ml pipettes for reagent preparation.
4. 100 ml and 1 liter graduated cylinders.
5. Absorbent paper.
6. Distilled or deionized water.
7. Log-log graph paper or computer and software for ELISA data analysis.
8. Tubes to prepare standard or sample dilutions.

## Reagent Preparation:

1. Bring all reagents and samples to room temperature (18 - 25°C) before use.
2. Sample dilution: Assay Diluent A (Item D) is used for dilution of serum/plasma samples; 1x Assay Diluent B (Item E) can be used for dilution of cell culture supernates/urine.
3. Assay Diluent B should be diluted 5-fold with deionized or distilled water before use.
4. Preparation of standard: Briefly spin the vial of Item C and then add 400  $\mu$ l Assay Diluent A (for serum/plasma samples) or 1x Assay Diluent B (for cell culture supernates/urine) into Item C vial to prepare a 50 ng/ml standard. Dissolve the powder thoroughly by a gentle mix. Add 30  $\mu$ l IL1sRII standard (50 ng/ml) from the vial of Item C, into a tube with 470  $\mu$ l Assay Diluent A or 1x Assay Diluent B to prepare a 3,000 pg/ml standard solution. Pipette 400  $\mu$ l Assay Diluent A or 1x Assay Diluent B into each tube. Use the 3,000 pg/ml standard solution to produce a dilution series (shown below). Mix each tube thoroughly before the next transfer. Gently vortex to mix. Assay Diluent A or 1x Assay Diluent B serves as the zero standard (0 pg/ml).



5. If the Wash Concentrate (20x) (Item B) contains visible crystals, warm to room temperature and mix gently until dissolved. Dilute 20 ml of Wash Buffer Concentrate into deionized or distilled water to yield 400 ml of 1x Wash Buffer.
6. Briefly spin the Detection Antibody vial (Item F) before use. Add 100  $\mu$ l of 1x Assay Diluent B into the vial to prepare a detection antibody concentrate. Pipette up and down to mix gently (the concentrate can be stored at 4°C for 5 days). The detection antibody concentrate should be diluted 80-fold with 1x Assay Diluent B and used in step 4 of Part VI
7. Briefly spin the HRP-Streptavidin concentrate vial (Item G) and pipette up and down to mix gently before use. HRP-Streptavidin concentrate should be diluted 25,000-fold with 1x Assay Diluent B.

*For example: Briefly spin the vial (Item G) and pipette up and down to mix gently. Add 2  $\mu$ l of HRP-Streptavidin concentrate into a tube with 198.0  $\mu$ l 1x Assay Diluent B to prepare a 100-fold diluted HRP-Streptavidin solution (don't store the diluted solution for next day use). Mix through and then pipette 40  $\mu$ l of prepared 100-fold diluted solution into a tube with 10 ml 1x Assay Diluent B to prepare a final 25,000 fold diluted HRP-Streptavidin solution.*



**Assay  
Procedure:**

1. Bring all reagents and samples to room temperature (18 - 25°C) before use. It is recommended that all standards and samples be run at least in duplicate.
2. Add 100 µl of each standard (see Reagent Preparation step 2) and sample into appropriate wells. Cover well and incubate for 2.5 hours at room temperature or over night at 4°C with gentle shaking.
3. Discard the solution and wash 4 times with 1x Wash Solution. Wash by filling each well with Wash Buffer (300 µl) using a multi-channel Pipette or autowasher. Complete removal of liquid at each step is essential to good performance. After the last wash, remove any remaining Wash Buffer by aspirating or decanting. Invert the plate and blot it against clean paper towels.
4. Add 100 µl of 1x prepared biotinylated antibody (Reagent Preparation step 6) to each well. Incubate for 1 hour at room temperature with gentle shaking.
5. Discard the solution. Repeat the wash as in step 3.
6. Add 100 µl of prepared Streptavidin solution (see Reagent Preparation step 7) to each well. Incubate for 45 minutes at room temperature with gentle shaking.
7. Discard the solution. Repeat the wash as in step 3.
8. Add 100 µl of TMB One-Step Substrate Reagent (Item H) to each well. Incubate for 30 minutes at room temperature in the dark with gentle shaking.
9. Add 50 µl of Stop Solution (Item I) to each well. Read at 450 nm immediately.

**Assay  
Procedure  
Summary:**

1. Prepare all reagents, samples and standards as instructed.
  2. Add 100 µl standard or sample to each well.  
Incubate 2.5 hours at room temperature or over night at 4°C.
  3. Add 100 µl prepared biotin antibody to each well.  
Incubate 1 hour at room temperature.
  4. Add 100 µl prepared Streptavidin solution.  
Incubate 45 minutes at room temperature
  5. Add 100 µl TMB One-Step Substrate Reagent to each well.  
Incubate 30 minutes at room temperature.
- Add 50 µl Stop Solution to each well. Read at 450nm immediately.

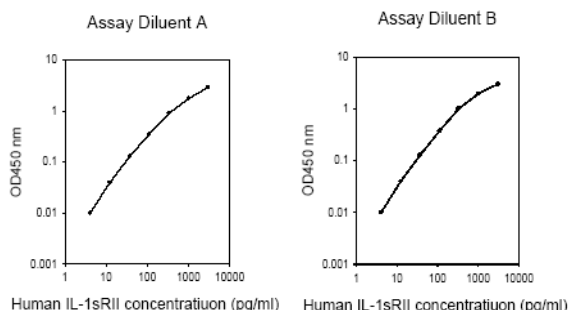
**Calculation of  
Results:**

Calculate the mean absorbance for each set of duplicate standards, controls and samples, and subtract the average zero standard optical density. Plot the standard curve on log-log graph paper or using Sigma plot software, with standard concentration on the x-axis and absorbance on the y-axis. Draw the best-fit straight line through the standard points.



**Typical Data:**

These standard curves are for demonstration only. A standard curve must be run with each assay.



**Sensitivity:**

The minimum detectable dose of IL1sR11 is typically less than 5 pg/ml.

**Recovery:**

Recovery was determined by spiking various levels human IL1sR11 into human serum, plasma and cell culture media. Mean recoveries are as follows:

| Sample Type        | Average % Recovery | Range (%) |
|--------------------|--------------------|-----------|
| Serum              | 116.1              | 106-125   |
| Plasma             | 111.2              | 93-127    |
| Cell culture media | 127.5              | 75-115    |

**Linearity:**

| Sample Type                         | Serum           | Plasma          | Cell Culture Media |
|-------------------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|--------------------|
| 1:2 Average % of Expected Range (%) | 107.2<br>96-117 | 105.8<br>98-112 | 113.4<br>102-122   |
| 1:4 Average % of Expected Range (%) | 94.98<br>84-104 | 75.68<br>68-83  | 86.85<br>75-98     |

**Reproducibility:**

Intra-Assay: CV<10%  
Inter-Assay: CV<12%



**Specificity:**

Cross Reactivity: This ELISA kit shows no cross-reactivity with the following cytokines tested: human Angiogenin, BDNF, BLC, CNTF, ENA-78, FGF-4, IL-1 $\alpha$ , IL-1 $\beta$ , IL-2, IL-3, IL-4, IL-5, IL-6, IL-7, IL-8, IL-9, IL-11, IL-12 p70, IL-12 p40, IL-13, IL-15, IL-309, IP-10, FGF-4, FGF-6, FGF-7, G-CSF, GDNF, GM-CSF, IFN- $\gamma$ , IGFBP-2, IGF-BP-3, IGF-BP-4, Leptin (OB), MCP-1, MCP-2, MCP-3, MDC, MIF, MIG, MIP-1 $\alpha$ , MIP-1  $\beta$ , MIP-1 $\delta$ , PARC, PDGF, RANTES, SCF, SDF-1 $\alpha$ , TARC, TGF- $\beta$ , TIMP-1, TIMP-2, TNF- $\alpha$ , TNF- $\beta$ , TPO, VEGF.

**Trouble-Shooting Guide:**

| Problem                | Cause  | Solution  |
|------------------------|--|---|
| 1. Poor standard curve | 1. Inaccurate pipetting                            | 1. Check pipettes   |
|                        | 2. Improper standard dilution                      | 2. Ensure briefly spin the vial of Item C and dissolve the powder thoroughly by a gentle mix.                       |
| 2. Low signal          | 1. Too brief incubation times                      | 1. Ensure sufficient incubation time; assay procedure step 2 change to over night                                   |
|                        | 2. Inadequate reagent volumes or improper dilution | 2. Check pipettes and ensure correct preparation  |
| 3. Large CV            | 1. Inaccurate pipetting                            | 1. Check pipettes   |
| 4. High background     | 1. Plate is insufficiently washed                  | 1. Review the manual for proper wash. If using an a plate washer, check that all ports are unobstructed.            |
|                        | 2. Contaminated wash buffer                        | 2. Make fresh wash buffer   |
| 5. Low sensitivity     | 1. Improper storage of the ELISA kit               | 1. Store your standard at <-20°C after reconstitution, others at 4 °C. Keep substrate solution protected from light |
|                        | 2. Stop solution                                   | 2. Stop solution should be added to each well before measure  |

**NOT FOR HUMAN USE. FOR RESEARCH ONLY. NOT FOR DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC USE.**

